THE NEWS IN LONDON.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF A GREAT PROGRAMME OF IRISH LEGISLATION.

THE MINISTRY TO STAKE ITS ALL ON A SWEEP ING MEASURE OF LAND PURCHASE-CATH-OLIC ENDOWMENT AND LOCAL GOVERN-

> MENT PERHAPS TO BE ADDED-THE PARNELL COMMISSION-MUNI-

CIPAL ELECTIONS-

LITERARY.

(BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.)
Copyright: 1889: By The New York Tribune.
onden, Nov. 2.—Rumors have long prevailed that the Government would tackle the Irish Land question next session. They are confirmed in today's, "Standard." It is the dual ownership of land in Ireland which gives rise to so much of recent trouble. The legislature created it, and the legislature is to be asked to terminate it. The attempt the problem of releasing both from a connection hateful to them and mischievous to the There is no doubt, though "The Standdoes not say so, that the Cabinet, or some of the Cabinet, has for some time past been engaged in this problem. There were speculations about October. Nobody who met him at any of the houses he visited doubted what his errand was. Wherever he went, local people were invited to about the land question. He discussed the land question fully with them, and discussed hardly anything else. The fruits of these visits and interviews are now ripening. The financial genius which carried through the conversion of consols will be ship of Irish land. The question is, how to make the tenant the undivided master of his helding, while affording reasonable compensation to the present nominal owner, without imposing on the English taxpayer an unreasonable and dangerous liability. This is what Mr. Gladstone; in 1886, tried. He failed disastrously. Nothing did more to wreck Home Rule than the coupling it with Land Purchase. Mr. Gladstone declared the two measures to be inseparable, and then threw over Land Purchase to lighten the ship the storm grew heavy; but too late! Mr. Chamberlain has since launched a scheme of his own, but could not get it seriously considered. late as last August, in Birmingham, but that; too, fell fist. Now come Mr. Goschen and his

more hazardous. The Ministry can hardly avoid staking its existence on such a measure, and the measure will undoubtedly pledge British credit in order to compensate landlords who are to be bought out. This will be no mere extension of the Ashbourne act, but a bill covering the whole soil of Ireland, perhaps even compulsory upon landlords to sell wherever tenants are willing to buy. The Nation at large is to stand security. says the inspired scribe who this morning makes more explicit. The stake the Government play for is enormous; nothing less, in their belief, than the extinction of the Home Rule ery and the Home Rule party by the pacification of Irish discontent. There is a distinct school which believes that land, not Parliament, is what the Irish people really want. The Government has joined that school. If they will add to their programme such a measure of Catholic Endowment as shall satisfy the Irish Bishops, they will come before Parliament next February with the largest Irish programme yet framed, Mr. Gladstone's not excepted. Standard" says nothing on this point, and nothing has lately been heard from any quarter, but Mr Balfour's hint at the end of last session was not idiy thrown out. The scheme which he had in themselves two of the strongest sentiments known increased Embilities-and hatred of the Pope. the die is cast and they are going to face it. supporters said the other day that if they attempt constructive legislation they are lost,

But constructive legislation of the gravest and most difficult kind is now to be attempted.

Mr. Davitt's long speech before the Parnell Commission has clearly made an impression on the judges, though not on the public. The audience the papers, "The Times" excepted, brief. Davitt wound up with an expression of regret for his want of legal skill, and Mr. Justice Hannen said: "Mr. Davitt, your expression of regret for your want of legal skill was not necessary. You have put your arguments with great force and given us assistance which has been withheld from us by others." It would be difficult to combine more neatly and briefly a well-deserved compli-

Sir Henry James began his reply in a spirit that indicates his readiness to meet the issues precisely as put by Sir Charles Russell. He is expected to speak for a fertnight, and before he sits down all the world will know just what the case of "The Times" is and just what they will

Thursday the same journal discovered that the of the trial. There is, however, no dispute about the facts. Police Inspector Martin, trying to head of the metropolis. arrest Father McFadden, was set upon by a mob and brutally beaten to death. Coll, convicted as one of the leaders, gets ten years' penal servituge, two others seven years each, a fourth five except Coll pleaded guilty of manslaughter trom two to six months. "We deeply regret," tays "The Daily News." "that the Judge did not emper justice with mercy." For the ruffians who savagely murdered Inspector Martin this journal has only soft words, but it thinks that the police acted with criminal recklessness, and that Mr.

"The Daily News" appears to have made up its mind to push Mr. John Morley as Lewier in succession to Mr. Gindstone. Hundreds of thousands, says this Gladstonian organ, look to Mr. Morley for guidance in difficulty, and for enouragement in conflict only less eagerly than they look to Mr. Gladstone himself. This journal however, almost alone in discussing publicly what shall be done when Mr. Gladstone dies. Mr. Morley meantime has been making another speech, which contains passages in sharp hostility the new scheme of turning the British Empire into a federation. Other speeches are numerous as usual, including claborate addresses from such leaders as Lord Hartington and Mr. Goschen. But no speech is now of much importance which me. Mr. Gladstone's discourse to the workagmen of Saltney avoided for the most part colities, but contained still another appeal from

remarkable historical views. It contained also course to be followed by the members of that party BURKE AGAIN POINTED OUT. their account. The deceased man was not over a fine culogy on the great group of American in the French Chamber of Deputies. statesmen of the last century, an eulogy on the Irish Parliament from 1700 to 1800; as a better nursery of freedom than the English Parliament, and a culogy on the France of to-day, as friendly to England, evidence of which he omitted

Municipal elections occurred yesterday all over England. Complete returns are not in, but the morning reports show a balance of 17 to the credit of the Liberals. Their most shining success is in Birmingham itself, where in each of the four wards contested politically the Liberals have won. Mr. Austen Chamberlain, his father's son, has been beaten by 11 votes in his attempt to capture a Liberal seat. These are hard days for the Chamberlain family.

Strikes continue, but none on a great scale has occurred or seems probable just yet. The most considerable victory gained this week by workingmen is at Glasgow, where the gasworkers demanded both increased wages and reduced The Glasgow gasworks are run by the city itself, and as all the men who threatened to strike have votes, the City Council gave in. The estimated additional cost of gas to the city is \$100,000 a year.

Sir William Harcourt presented himself this week as a champion of the Salvation Army. 'The greater freedom allowed to the Army the better, says Sir William. Citizens, who find the streets frequently obstructed by Salvation lads and lasses with brass bands, may not agree. Perhaps most of them do not. But Sir William, like his leader, is clearly of opinion that the masses must be

The echoes of the Brighton election have hardly vet died away. Sir Robert Peel's attack on applied to the conversion of dual into single owner. Lord Hartington and on the Tory ladies, whom he called "filthy witches," has been so strongly condemned that the defeated Home Ruler offers apologies to the latter. Somebody whom Sir Robert calls a "blooming assassin" has written him a threatening letter, and Sir Robert in return threatens to shoot the author unless the police take charge of him. The Liberals say with justice that Tory exultation over the saving of this seat shows the extent of their depression and panio

The new deputy chairman of the London County Council will apparently be Mr. Haggis, an Alderman of Croydon. He is the nominee of the Radical caucus, and the Radicals are strong enough to Lord Randolph Churchill proposed another, so elect their own man. Next to Mr. Haggis came Mr. George Russell, who might probably have been nominated had he not the other day told his colleagues, who found his anti-music hall speech too long, that they had no manners. was thought ungracious, even from a fir-t-cousin to the Duke of Bedford. Nothing, however, is yet settled, and the private meeting of the Council yesterday, summoned by the chairman, broke up without voting

The letter of the American publishers of "The Contemporary Reviews to The Tribune, saying that the English publishers had told them that THREATENED STRIKE OF ANTWERP DOCKMEN. Mr. Gladstone was the author of that too-famous Outidanos" article, is reprinted in England, and elicits a direct denial from Messrs, Isbister. They have authorized, they declare, no one to say who is the writer of the article. Perhaps not, but Mr. Gladstone is now universally believed to be the

time on the subject of the Church of England. There are; says Mr. Spurgeon, gracious and goodly worse every day; even celebrating high mass with Bishops looking on; and no man knows how far that pernicious superstition may run. It is the hour for Baptists, cries Mr. Spurgeon. But the Baptists take it quietly, and the Archbishop of

Mr. Frederic Harrison's discussion in "The Nineteenth Century" of the New Trades-Unionism Harrison, Socialistic. But the Socialism which has given it this new direction is itself new; it have not been found in Michigan. no longer attacks capital or seeks to redistribute | Parker's office at Parsons was an Ludian box who said property, but strives so to influence opinion and that his father saw the whole bender family killed legislation that the social necessities of the masses, and not supply and demand, told him that while hunting be saw a camp fire down masses, and not supply and demand, shall be the basis of every law. He, like Lord Rosebery, looks on the late dock strike as epoch-making, and finds the secret of its success in the fact that skilled workmen for the first time struck in support of heap-the wagon, men, women and horses-added unskilled. It is this new departure from which brush, and burned them up, burying the burned debris. Mr. Harrison infers the near approach of the The old Cherokee detailed the surroundings so minutely industrial millennium. His article is much more

article on "Anonymity in Journalism," by Mr. Tighe Hopkins, embodying contributions from Mr. Gladstone, Mr. McCarthy, Mr. Sala and others who have some practical knowledge of journal-ism. Mr. Gladstone thinks that all articles should be signed, but no other opinion of weight is defend the existing system, and prefer editorials care to join in this discussion, or allow their readers to suppose that there can be any doubt that their own method is perfect.

London has been favored with a visit from M. London has been favored with a visit from M. tion that they are two of the noted Bender facility. Chautemps, president of the Municipal Council arrived here yesterday with the prisoners. They were of Paris. Lord Rosebery, as chairman of the London County Council, welcomed him, received him at Spring Garden, presented him to the Council, who greeted the Frenchman civilly, and invited him to dine and sleep at Mentmore, where a dozen eminent Councillors were asked to meet him. M. Chautemps returned these attentions by a farewell dinner at his hotel on Monday evening. Relations between Paris and London are satisfactory, but M. Chautemps has hardly made out whether the Lord Mayor of Lendon or the Chairman of the County Council be the real him at Spring Garden, presented him to the Counhim. M. Chautemps returned these attentions Daily News" on Wednesday, in a collapse. On by a farewell dinner at his hotel on Monday the Chairman of the County Council be the real

> es took an army of reporters down to Gravesend. and their landing, their journey and their condition were all described; and now I hear of a proposal for a banquet to Mr. Barnum, to precede that first sight of his show for which all London is panting. Various celebrities have been asker o this feast, including Lord Rosebery, Lord Aberleen, and Lord Charles Beresford. Mr. Barnum' levees at the hotel continue to be thronged, and Buffalo Bill is entirely forgotten. G. W. S.

A HAWAIIAN REBEL TO BE HANGED.

San Francisco, Nov 2.-A letter from Honolulu by the steamship Australia states that Albert Lee nens, one of the leaders in the insurrection last July, has been sentenced to be hanged the first week in The trial of Robert Wilcox, the leader of the insur

gents, came to an abrupt termination, as the juryment expressed a bias before the court. The jury was expressed a blas before the court. The jury was accordingly dismissed. Application was then made to have wheex released on ball, but the question has not yet been decided.

The United States steamer Alert, which is to sail for San Francisco with Admiral Kimberly, had not left Honolulu a week ago. The Nipsic, Iroquois and Mohican were also still there.

London, Nov. 2 .- A meeting of the Boulangist lead ers was held at General Boulanger's home on the lelund of Jersey, on Thursday, to decide upon the

KALNOKY THE GUEST OF BISMARCK. POLITICAL GOSSIP CONCERNING THE CONFER

ENCE AT FRIEDRICHSRUHE. Berlin, Nov. 2 .- Count Kalnoky arrived at Friedrichsruhe at noon to-day. Herr Brauer, Councillor of the Austro-Hungarian Legation at Berlin, received him at the railway station. The Chancellor also met him at the station and shook him heartily by the hand. A number of persons who had gathered about the station saluted the statesmen with cries of "Hoch!" to which they bowed in response. They then entered a carriage and were driven to the castle. Count Kalnoky will remain at Friedrichsruhe until Monday.

circles here that the interview between Count Kalnoky, Austro-Hungarian Prime Minister, and Prince Bismarck, at Friedrichsruhe, will result in a modification of the anti-Russian tendency of the Austrian policy, but that the effect of the conference will not be suffi-ciently speedy and positive to induce Russia to aban-don her present waiting policy.

Cologne, Nov. 2.—A semi-official dispatch from Berlin to the "Cologne Gazette" says that the visit of Count Kalnoky to Prince Bismarck, and Emperor William's visit to Turkey, are intended to strengthen the peace of Europe. The Sultan, the dispatch says, will have an opportunity to convince himself that in who cherishes unselfish wishes for the welfare of who cherishes unselfish wishes for the welfare of Turkey, and who is determined to maintain all the treaties looking to European peace. All attempts to induce Turkey to join the triple alliance or to enter into a political agreement are precluded, but the Emperor's visit will encourage the Sultan peacefully to develop the economic forces of Turkey and to further avail himself of Germany's commercial forces to attain that object.

VICTIMS OF THE GLASGOW DISASTER. recovered from the ruins of the portion of Templeton's carpet factory which was crushed by a falling wall yesterday. It is now definitely ascertained that the total number of the killed is thirty.

THE STRANDING OF THE MALTA.

London, Nov. 2 .- The Government Court which inthe Cunard Line steamer Malta, which went ashore near Land's End and became a total wreck holds the captain responsible for the accident, and has sus-pended his certificate for three months.

THE PRINCE OF WALES IN EGYPT.

Wales has been received in Egypt as a veritable sovereign. His visit, the paper says, is intended to increase England's prestige on the Nile, and to reaffirm her right of a protectorate over Egypt. France cat-not afford to ignore the importance of the visit. Cairo, Nov. 2.—The Prince of Wales and the Khedive

Athens, Nov. 2.-The Czarewitch has been in structed to return to St. Petersburg by way of The object of taking this route is to afford

THE CZAREWITCH'S HOMEWARD ROUTE.

Berne, Nov. 2.—The Government has prohibited the holding of meetings by the Salvation Army, and has closed the halls occupied by the Salvationists.

Antwerp, Nov. 2.—A general strike of dockmen at Antwerp is imminent. The military are held in readiness to suppress an outbreak.

THE ENTERPRISE AT TORBAY. London, Nov. 2.—The United States steamer En-terprise has arrived at Norbay. She experienced gales on Thursday while cruising.

A WIFE MURDERER SENTENCED. Guelph, Ont., Nov. 2.-W. H. Harvey, who March last murdered his wife and two daughters, to day sentenced to be hanged on November 20.

THE BENDERS NOT ALIVE TO BE CAUGHT.

A CIRCUMSTANTIAL NARRATIVE OF THE KILL-ING OF THE WHOLE FAMILY.

Richmond, Ind., Nov. 2.—Edward Parker, who was working in Kansas when the Benders took their flight,

Fort Scott, and asked him what he thought of the he was the sole survivor of the band, he would tell the fate of the Benders; but, until then, he would

Saratoga, N. Y., Nov. 2 .- Comrade O. P. Clarke f Utica, was this morning installed as custodian of the Grant Cottage at Mount McGregor. Ass stant companied by Superintendent Frank Jones, of the saratoga comrades, went to the mountain this morn-

Chicago, Nov. 2.—The Grand Jury to-day returned eventeen indictments. Seven of them had reference some time ago. These are all against seth Twombly, the engineer of the freight train which crashed into

RECOGNIZED BY ANOTHER WITNESS IN THE CRONIN CASE.

TESTIMONY OF CHARLES J. CARLSON AND HIS MOTHER-THE BLOODSTAINS IN

THE COTTAGE.

Umcago, Nov. 2 .- Charles J. Carlson, son of the owner of the Carlson cottage; was the first witness in the Cronin case this morning. He testified as follows:

peg.

The witness was here shown a piece of carpet, and identified it as the one he had seen on the parlor floor of the cottage.

Q.—Can you point out Prank Williams in the court-room! A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Point him out, please. A.—The second one, there (pointing to Martin Burke).

The witness then presented with his testimony.

The witness then proceeded with his testimony, saying that, after receiving the letter from Williams relinquishing the cottage, he entered it through a window on May 19. Said he:

through a window on May 19. Said he:

The carpet was gone off the floor and it looked as if they had poured some paint on the floor, as if they were trying to cover it. It had not been brushed over in certain places. I found stains on the base-board that looked like blood. There was another large stain toward the north wall and at the centre of the floor. I also found one arm of the rocker broken and loose, and the furniture, the dresser and washstand in the centre of the room. The floor was painted only in the centre of the room and on the north side. Toward the south wall there was no paint at all in certain places. I saw several stains on the wall. There were stains all along on the paper and along on the south baseboard, in various places, that seemed to me to be blood. There were places on the floor that were not covered with paint, where there were stains still showing. I raw foot-prints, as if they had been printed in stocking-feet in the hallway and in the house.

The reference to stocking-feet was ordered

The reference to stocking-feet was ordered stricken out by the court. The witness then indicated on a diagram the location of the stains. Kunze was pointed out to him by counsel for the State, but the witness could not identify him as any one he had ever seen before During all of the time for which the rent was paid the cottage remained unoccupied. The witness was subjected to a long cross-examination which did not seem to develop any new facts.

He was followed by Johanna Carlson, his mother. She testified that on the Sunday following May 4 when she first went out she noticed walk of the cottage showed tha there had been much tramping up and down, and also that the footsteps showed that the persons who made had been walking in the sand, thought that Frank Williams sister had at last moved in, and that the spots on the steps were only something that had been broken in moving. She then described on the wall, the furniture, etc. Then, at the re quest of the State's Attorney that she point out the man known to her under the name of Frank Williams, if in court, she pointed to Burke and said: "That's him; next to the fellow on the

"Assistant State's Attorney Baker, of Chicago, had a long interview with "Bob" Heifer yester-day. Burke took a fency to Heifer at first, and in it. He told Heffer that sand bass were used by two of the assasins, while the third wielded a common baseball bat. Burke was under the impression that Cronin was being decoyed to the cottage under the pretext that he was going to attend a woman. Four men were waiting in the cottage for him. They listened for the sound of wheels. At last the carriage drove up, and an instant later the Doctor hurried up to the door. He knocked loudly and hastily, as if he realized that his presence was argently required. Two of wheels. At last the carriage drove in, and an Instant later the Doctor hurried up to the door. He knocked loudly and hastily, as if he realized that his presence was urgently required. Two of the assassins stood behind the door ready to strike, while one of the others from the inner room called out in a loud voice: "Come in." The door was quickly opened, and the doctor strade in. The instant he was in, one of the assassins slammed the door, while the other struck the physician a terrible blow with a sand-bast Cronin fell heavily to the floor. Burke always declined to say who struck the first blow, and this fact, Mr. Baker says, makes it clear that it was furke himself, else he would have mentioned the name. He always spoke about the four taking part in the crime and pounding the doctor at the same time. The moment the doctor was down the four rushed on him, and with sand-bags and clubs pounded the life out of him. The poor man struggled and mouned awfully. Blood poured from his mouth and nose, and even his eyes. He struggled and mouned awfully. Blood poured from his mouth and nose, and even his eyes. He struggled and gasped for breath, and nearly twenty minutes clapsed before he ceased to breathe. Then the fiends stripped the blood-stuined dlothing loff him; and one of them pounded his face so as to make it impossible to recognize the body. Coughlin hauled the trunk over and the body was erammed into it. One of the men went out and brought an express wagon, which had been left in a convenient place. When they carried the trunk out, blood was dripping from it, and it ran on the floor and some of their boots. The trunk stopped with cotton butting which was found in the dector's instrument-case. The trunk and its contents were then taken to the lake, Coughlin driving the horse. There we so no boat at the point expected, and they tried to shove lake, Coughlin driving the horse. There was no best at the point expected, and they tried to shave the trunk out into the water, but it would not work. Anxious to get rid of the body some way, Burke suggested that it be thrown into a catchbasin. The suggestion was adopted.

Pineville, Ky., Nov. 2.—Reports from Harlan, County oday verify the story telegraphed yesterday that Judge Lewis and posse shot to death six of the Yoward

Boston, Nov. 2. The case of George Francis Train, on the question of his sanity, came up to-day in the asked for a postponement until expert medical testi-mony could be obtained and the hearing was nost-poned one week.

Harry M. Raines, of No. 157 West Forty-ninth-st. who was formerly an editor of "The Hebre Standard," was paroled by Justic White in the Harl Police Court yesterday for examination on a charge of abandonment of his wife, Mrs. Fanny Raines, Raines sent his wife to Europe about two years ago ostensibly for the benefit of her health. He sent remittances to her for some time, but finally stopped doing so. She then heard that he was living with another woman in New-York, and borrowing money from friends, returned to the city to find, as she says, that the report was correct. Raines denies his wife's allegations.

New-Orleans, Nov. 2.—"The Picayune's" Baton Rouge dispatch says: "Dr. T. S. Jones was called

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

WELL PLEASED WITH THE ATCHISON PLAN: Boston, Nov. 2 (Special).—Thomas Nickerson, for-nerly president of the Atchison, and always a large of its securities, says of the reorganization plan: "I am going to put in all my bonds. at first that the plan cut very hard, but when I get the views of Baring Brothers, I saw that there was and it all adds to the value of the income bonds, and to the property as a whole. When I see how Kidder, Peabody & Co., and the Barings have treated themselves, and when I reflect upon the expensiveness reorganizations, and see that the reorganization of the I think that this is a pretty good piece of work. This present large crop will insure increased earnings, but they will come slowly. If the company cuts down its expenses I shall not be surprised to find within twelve months and possibly by next April that it is earning \$14,000,000 not per annum, instead of \$7,000,000.

CURTAINS FOR ENGINE HEADLIGHTS. Pittsburg, Nov. 2 .- Among the innovation's provided Pittsburg, which will go into effect on November is a regulation that the headlights of all side tracked engines shall be curtained at night. The purpose of this innovation is to enable engineers of approaching trains more clearly to distinguish switch and other lights, and not be blinded and confused by the glare of the headlight.

SENATOR CULLOM ON RAILROAD DEALS. Chicago, Nov. 2 (Special).-Senator Cuilom, ac-Pacific on his way to Washington. The Senator was asked about the railroad combinations, such as that of the Northwestern and the Union Pacific, and the traffic combination of the Rock Island with the Denver and Rio Grande. He replied: "Railroad officials are queer people. I cannot place much reliance in those rumors, because I have not yet been able to verify them. It hese combinations are formed they will swallow up the weaker combinations and centralize the fight between the greater ones. It is just as Judge Cooley says, the railroads are continu-ally inviting complaints from the public, and if in case these combinations do turn out to be facts, there is one thing, they will not be exempt from close surveillance. These railroad companies must stop this continual rate war business."

Pittsburg, Nov. 2.-The iron manufacturers of this city are much put out at the action of the railroad

Chicago, Nov. 2 (Special).—Chairman Walker, of the Interstate Commerce Railway Association returned today from the East. He did not care to talk fully Northwestern consolidation, except to say that he

The witness told of an unidentified man who came to pay another month's rent about two weeks after the murder. The State believes that this man was Cooney; "The Fox," who has thus lar eluded the police.

Then Halkan Martinsen, the expressman who have the furniture from No. 117 South Clarkst. to the cottage, took the witness chair, and he, too, identified Burke as the one who hired him.

It was announced this afternoon that Senator Kennedy, the Wisconsin lawyer who has been of counsel for Burke, had withdrawn from the case. He said that the fund raised by Burke and his friends was not large enough to keep him in the case.

A dispatch from Winnipeg this morning says:

"Assistant State's Attorney Baker, of Chicago, had a long interview with "Bob" Heffer yester day. Bushes to have to Heffer yester day. Bushes to have to Heffer yester day. Bushes to have to Heffer yester days the heavy to Heffer yester day. Bushes to have to heffer yester days the heavy to he heavy to he apprehend any such notice. The apprehend my such notice, the apprehend any such notice, the change somewhat, but if so the apprehend with apprehend any such notice, the paperhend any su

n navigation. After November 5 n will refuse to specifive shipments to Lewiston and New-England points, and after November 9 n will refuse them to New-York. St. Albans, Vt., Nov. 2.—The annual report of the directors of the Central Vermont Railroad Company

\$4,780,912 net \$1,422,177, a gain of net earnings over the pacyfous year of \$05,425. Deducting taxes, rentals, etc., the balance for the year is \$57,215. DELEGATES WELCOMED IN SPANISH. Louisville, Nov. 2.-A band stationed in the rotunds of the Galt House this morning played a dreamy Spanish air, "La Paloma," and thus were the All-Americas delegates awakened to begin a round of ere welcomed at the Board of Trade. Harvey Watterson, gray-haired, seventy-six years old, yet erect Buckner and ex-Governor McCreary, and with them received the visitors. President Cornwall, of Board of Trade, after a brief greeting, presented Mr. Watterson as one who, fifty years ago, was our Min-ister to the Argentine Confederation. The aged southerner was cheered as he stood on his feet, and

spanish-American brightened with gratification. The first time since the journey began the men of the South were listening to words of greeting in their own tongue. Enthusiastic cheers followed the closing

Congressiman, who introduced the bill providing for the international Congress, next spoke. He thought a movement had now been started through which the Americas should dominate the world. Delegate Calderon, of Colombia, spoke for the vis-

itors.

The visitors were next driven to the Tobacco Board of Trade.

The visitors were driven about the city, seeing the visitors were driven about the city, seeing the visitors of Kentucky distillers with 14,000

The visitors were driven about the city, seeing among other things, a Kentucky distillary with 14,000 barrels of whiskey, worth 856 a barrel, stored up. They were told that the Government exacted three times as much from the distillers as the original cost of manufacture. A lanch was served and the party were taken up the ohio River by boat to the Gien View stock-farm, where blooded horses were seen grazing the blue grass of Kentucky. Trotters and runners were put through their paces, Prostor Knott being among those seen. There were present a half hundred of Louisville belies who enlivened the seene, several South American visitors were given mounts and raced about the track with great pleasure to themselves and the onlookers. A supper was then and raced about the crack with great pleasure to themselves and the onlookers. A supper was then served at the club-house upon the farm, where Governor Buckner welcomed the visitors in warm terms. Informal speaking took place as the repost proceeded, dancing followed, and then a drive back to the city, after which the delegates received the public at their hotel.

ACCEPTANCE OF THE CRUISER CHARLESTON. Washington, Nov. 2.-After it was decided yes-terday at the Navy Department, and so announced, formally to accept the cruiser Charleston, built by was had, and the subject has been further discussed toon the showing made at the recent trial, without power required by the contract; or to make another rial, with certain changes in the machinery and pitch cept this alternative proposition, it is said, would relieve the contractors of their liability to pay the penalty due to lack of contract horse-power, and it was to determine this question, if possible, that to-day's conference was held. As a result of it, a tolegram was sent to the contractors, which Seciently Tracy said he believed would result in the acceptance of the Charleston; but its terms were not made public.

Chicago, Nov 2.-A dispatch from Fort Worth, Tex., says: "Joseph H. Brown, the heaviest whole-

DEFYING THE WEATHER.

BROOKLYN REPUBLICANS HAVE ANOTHER MEETING.

MAYOR CHAPIN AND "RING RULE" ABLY AT TACKED BY CONGRESSMAN WALLACE,

STEWART L. WOODFORD, ELIJAH R. KENNEDY, AND OTHERS. In spite of the disagreeable weather last evening, a great audience gathered in the Palace Rink in Clermont-ave., Brooklyn. It was the final rally

of an actively prosecuted campaign, and gave promise of a full vote on Tuesday in the interests of good government and needed reform in Brooklyni Among those present besides the speakers were Otto Witte, Benjamin Estes, E. H. Sherer, George F. Elliott, George B. Forrester, W. H. Hazzard, Charles E. Teale, Ambrose Snow and Dr. James

Israel F. Fischer, chairman of the Campaigns Committee, called the meeting to order, and said that there were twenty-one meetings in progress in different parts of the city, and there was every indication that on Election Day the regund of the "gang" would end, so far as any further tenure of office.

Congressman William C Wallace was chosen chairman, and Charles E. Teale secretary. The latter read the list of vice-presidents and secretaries, the names of many of whom were applauded VICE-PRESIDENTS.

D. Benedict,
W. Cardwell,
F. Barnes,
W. Harmon,
W. Fielding,

ESIDENTS,
David H. Houghtaling,
S. H. Hastings,
Timothy L. Weodruff,
William C. Vosburg,
Herman Liebman,
William H. Cotton,
W. H. Leayersft,
W. P. Williams,
John R. Sutton,
Mark Meyer,
David A. Baldwin,
J. H. Westervelt,
Henderson Benedick,
A. U. Tate,
F. B. Candler,
W. H. Waring,

SECRETARIES.

John R. Kane, Francis G. Harson, C. H. Hoffman, J. J. Barrett, George E. England, Maurice Pitzgerald, Robert A. Sharkey, Henry A. Smith, George N. Buchapen, W. J. Beattle, Jacob Brenner, David P. Watkins, Edgar S. Bootay, E. E. Porter.
Lawrence E. Malone.
A. R. Booth,
Randolph Fuller,
Thomas Harrold, jr.,

CONGRESSMAN WALLACE. Congressman Wallace made a hearty and ene thusiastic speech, which was frequently inter-

thusiastic speech, which was frequently interrupted by applause. He said in part:

How President Harrison regards Brooklyn Republidcanism is evidenced by the fact that one of Brooklyn's
most brilliant and most faithful Republicans has
been called to a place of high honor and trusts
in the Cabinet. Let us show the confidence of
Brooklyn Republicans in the President and his Administration by doing our full duty for the State
ticket and for our local ticket.

Last night the small Governor of our great State
put his seal of approval on the Brooklyn Democracy
and their candidates. What better reason can any
Republican, any independent voter, need for voting
against those candidates, one and all, than that
they are approved by the petty scheming polifician;
who at present occupies the Executive Chamber at
Albany, looking out with tender regard for Tammany
Hall in NewYork, and for the gang in Brooklyn;
with his eves turned with lingering hope toward
the White House in 1892? A better, abler, cleanes
ticket was never presented to the voters of this
State than the present Republican ticket. Let us
see to it that Brooklyn does not fail in her duty
to that ticket. (Applause.)

What shall we say about our own campaign in
Brooklyn? Let every man who wants an enormously
high 'ax rate, let every man who wants an enormously
high 'ax rate, let every man who wants to enrich the
garg, let overy man who believes in boss rule and
gang mile, vote for the Democratic candidate for
Mayor. But we ask every man who liepes for a
business-like, economical administration of the city
government; every man, who believes that the largely
increased expenses of our city government are unneeded and unwarranted; every man who believe
that the Mayor's office should be in the City Hall
and not in Willoughby-st., to zote for Andrew D.
Baf q, and his associates on the Republican ticket.

(Cheers.)

Last night our astute Mayor offered an explanation Last night our astite Mayor offered an explanation of our increased tax rate, which did not explain. Mri Mayor, what we want to know is what is the tax rate! A promise is made to make it public two days after election. Why not now? Concesiment is strong presumptive proof that you do not want it known before election. Let us have the facts first and then the explanation. (Applause.)

A few days ago the cornerstone was laid of the

the explanation. (Applause.)

A few days ago the cornerstone was laid of the Memorial Arch in honor of the boys of Brooklyn who gave their lives to protect our Union. The procession was eviewed by our frigid and rhetorical Mayor, who was in school, when the men who passed before him were fighting for the Union and the Republic. In the rankt as a private, marching with his old comrades; was a plain man, who had served his country loyally from Bull Run to Appomatiox. When that Memorial Arch is completed and the final exercises of dedications are held, for one I should like one of the Boys in Biue to preside at those exercises as Mayor of our great city. I should like to see our veteran candidate (colonel Andrew D. Baird, occupying the place of honor. (Cheers.)

Every supporter of Colonel Baird on Tuesday next should not only be a voter and a worker, but a watcher, we propose that every vote cast for our Republican candidate shall be counted as it is east. There are many men in this audience, many citizens in Brooklyn, who believe that, had the votes been counted as they were cast two years ago. Colonel Baird, and not Mr.

WHAT MR. WOODFORD SAID.

At the close of the address of Mr. Wallace he made way for General Stewart L. Woodford. A He said, among other things: Years ago there met a great popular convention

Years ago there met a great popular convention in Baltimore. Delegations from all the States attended and through drenching rain the procession of voters moved, chanting the refrain: "We can stand any rain except the reign of Van Buren and Democracy." When I see the gatherings in Brooklyn in the rain in this campaign, I think You can stand any rain save the reign of Willoughbyst, in the City Hall! (Applause.) I think that the quiet, earnest, loyal man who sits in the White House in Washington is entitled to receive the support and approval of the loyal men of the United States. (Applause, In National polities he is entitled to the approval of New-York on Tuesday next. I make no as suff upon Democracy, but the history of the Nation for thirty

Ex-Park Commissioner Kennedy said he proposed to discuss as a plain business men the vital questions in the campaign. For the Democratic Administration that had made the tax-rate this year there was no escape from suicide, except by